## Net Worth

A personal net worth statement is a snapshot of an individual's financial health, at one particular point in time. It is a summary of what is owned (assets), less what is owed to others (liabilities). The formula used is: assets - liabilities = net worth.

Assets

Paul's retirement plans
Sally's retirement plans
Residence
Cash
Other Assets
\$136,000
76,500
250,000
500
6,000
Total Assets

Liabilities
Mortgage
Asset Debt
Other Debt
Total Liabilities
Net Worth

| Mortgage | 250,000 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Asset Debt | 0 |
| Other Debt | 25,000 |

Net Worth

250,000
0
25,000 275,000
\$469,000


## Weighted Average Rate of Return/Net Worth

A personal net worth statement is a snapshot of an individual's financial health, at one particular point in time. It is a summary of what is owned, less what is owed.

| Assets | Market Value | Rate of <br> Return | Weighted Average Rate of Return |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Paul's retirement plans |  |  |  |
| My 401(k) | \$106,000 | 7.00\% |  |
| My IRA | 30,000 | 5.00\% |  |
| Total | 136,000 |  | 6.56\% |
| Sally's retirement plans |  |  |  |
| SEP | \$16,500 | 6.00\% |  |
| TSA | 60,000 | 4.00\% |  |
| Total | 76,500 |  | 4.43\% |
| Other Assets |  |  |  |
| Savings Account | \$6,000 | 6.00\% |  |
| Cash | 500 | 1.00\% |  |
| Residence | 250,000 | 7.00\% |  |
| Total | 256,500 |  | 6.96\% |
| Total Assets | 469,000 |  | 6.43\% |

## Weighted Average Rate of Return/Net Worth

## Liabilities

| Mortgage | 250,000 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Other Debt | 25,000 |
| Total Liabilities | 275,000 |

## Net Worth

|  |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Net Worth | 194,000 |
| Total Liabilities and Net Worth | $\$ 469,000$ |

## Cash Flow

The basic purpose of a cash flow statement is to determine how your money is being spent. Ideally, a year's worth of data should be gathered, to even out the effect of seasonal variations. Paycheck stubs, check registers, cancelled checks, copies of paid bills and recent income tax returns are excellent sources of this information. If desired, you may want to keep a daily spending diary for a short period of time.

## Income

| Employment | $\$ 151,992$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Interest and dividends | 25,000 |
| Other | 17,000 |

## Total Income

\$193,992

## Expenses and Savings

| Household expenses | 61,908 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Taxes | 53,484 |
| Other expenses | 49,800 |
| Savings | 28,800 |

Total Expenses and Savings
193,992
\$0

## Cash Flow



## Cash Flow Detail

The basic purpose of a cash flow statement is to determine how your money is being spent. Ideally, a year's worth of data should be gathered, to even out the effect of seasonal variations. Paycheck stubs, check registers, cancelled checks, copies of paid bills and recent income tax returns are excellent sources of this information. If desired, you may want to keep a daily spending diary for a short period of time.

## Income

| Employment | $\$ 151,992$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Interest and dividends | 25,000 |
| Other | 17,000 |

## Expenses

| Household | 37,908 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Housing | 14,400 |
| Food | 3,600 |
| Clothing | 6,000 |

Utilities 6,000

Total Income
17,000

37,908
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Housing } & 14,400\end{array}$
Clothing 3,600

Total Household
Taxes

| Federal | 40,800 |
| :--- | ---: |
| State | 11,484 |
| Other | 1,200 |

Total Taxes
Other
Insurance
Medical
Transportation
Entertainment 6,000
Education 0
Debt repayment 2,400
Personal 6,000
Other
Total Other Expenses
Savings

| Education | 4,800 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Retirement | 24,000 |
| Other | 0 |

Total Savings
61,908

53,484

12,000
9,000
14,400
6,000

0


Education

Other

24,000
0 28,800
\$193,992

## Debt Balance Summary

Repayment strategy: Interest high to low
Additional monthly payment: \$500

| Name of Debt | Balance | Payoff Date |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Master Card | $\$ 2,500$ | Jun-22 |
| Visa | 3,500 | Dec-22 |
| Student Loan | 25,000 | Dec-24 |
| Car Loan | 20,000 | Jul-25 |
| Total | $\$ 51,000$ |  |
| Total interest | $\$ 5,878$ |  |
| Total payments | $\$ 56,877$ |  |

Balances


Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance.

## Debt Repayment Schedule Summary

## Assumptions:.

Total payments: \$56,877
Total interest: $\quad \$ 5,878$

| Date | Master Card | Visa | Student Loan | Car Loan |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Feb-22 | \$550 | \$75 | \$400 | \$350 | \$0 | \$1,375 |
| Mar-22 | 550 | 75 | 400 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Apr-22 | 550 | 75 | 400 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| May-22 | 550 | 75 | 400 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Jun-22 | 400 | 225 | 400 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Jul-22 | 0 | 625 | 400 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Aug-22 | 0 | 625 | 400 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Sep-22 | 0 | 625 | 400 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Oct-22 | 0 | 625 | 400 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Nov-22 | 0 | 625 | 400 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Dec-22 | 0 | 176 | 849 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Jan-23 | 0 | 0 | 1,025 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Feb-23 | 0 | 0 | 1,025 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Mar-23 | 0 | 0 | 1,025 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Apr-23 | 0 | 0 | 1,025 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| May-23 | 0 | 0 | 1,025 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Jun-23 | 0 | 0 | 1,025 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Jul-23 | 0 | 0 | 1,025 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Aug-23 | 0 | 0 | 1,025 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |

Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance

## Debt Repayment Schedule Summary

| Date | Master Card | Visa | Student Loan | Car Loan |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sep-23 | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,025 | \$350 | \$0 | \$1,375 |
| Oct-23 | 0 | 0 | 1,025 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Nov-23 | 0 | 0 | 1,025 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Dec-23 | 0 | 0 | 1,025 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Jan-24 | 0 | 0 | 1,025 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Feb-24 | 0 | 0 | 1,025 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Mar-24 | 0 | 0 | 1,025 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Apr-24 | 0 | 0 | 1,025 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| May-24 | 0 | 0 | 1,025 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Jun-24 | 0 | 0 | 1,025 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Jul-24 | 0 | 0 | 1,025 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Aug-24 | 0 | 0 | 1,025 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Sep-24 | 0 | 0 | 1,025 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Oct-24 | 0 | 0 | 1,025 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Nov-24 | 0 | 0 | 1,025 | 350 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Dec-24 | 0 | 0 | 145 | 1,229 | 0 | 1,374 |
| Jan-25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,375 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Feb-25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,375 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Mar-25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,375 | 0 | 1,375 |

Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance

## Debt Repayment Schedule Summary

| Date | Master Card | Visa |  | Student <br> Loan | Car Loan |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr-25 | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 1,375$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 1,375$ |
| May-25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,375 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Jun-25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,375 | 0 | 1,375 |
| Jul-25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 503 | 0 | 503 |

Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance

## Survivor Needs Now and Future

## In the event of Paul's death

## Areas of Need

There are two areas of needs that arise in the event of a death: Immediate cash needs and income to support Sally and the children.

## Immediate Needs

This generally includes funds required immediately after death to establish an emergency reserve fund, pay final expenses, create a college fund, and repay outstanding debts. You would like to provide for the education of the children. The total amount required for these needs is $\$ 499,479$. You currently have assets and life insurance in the amount of \$718,000.
Income Needs
Income needs change over time. This analysis assumes that monthly income needs will be: $\$ 7,000$ or $73.04 \%$ of today's total income until the children reach age $18 . \$ 6,000$ or $62.61 \%$ of today's total income after the children reach age $18 . \$ 5,000$ or $52.17 \%$ of today's total income during retirement.
Results
According to the analysis, your immediate needs can be satisfied with your liquid assets. Your other assets of $\$ 206,000$ can be held until needed, which will allow you to liquidate them at an appropriate time. All assets will be depleted by Sally's age 60.

Income Needs and Sources


In order to provide for all needs today, you would need an additional amount of \$439,000 today.
Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance.

## Survivor's Immediate Needs

## In the event of Paul's death

## Immediate Needs

This generally includes funds required immediately after death to establish an emergency reserve fund, pay final expenses, create a college fund, and repay outstanding debts.
Capital Needed Immediately
Emergency reserves \$28,750
Final expenses 10,000
College fund $\quad 150,729$
Debt repayment

| Mortgage | $\$ 205,000$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Other debts | 105,000 |

Total debt repayment 310,000
Total immediate capital need
499,479

## Capital Available

| Cash | 0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Life insurance proceeds | 500,000 |  |
| Existing college funds | 12,000 |  |
| Total liquid capital |  | 512,000 |
| Amount needed from other assets |  | 0 |
| Other available assets |  | 206,000 |
| Additional assets required for immediate needs |  | 0 |

Assets available to support income needs
Funds Required Immediately Upon Death


The immediate cash needs can be satisfied with liquid assets.
Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance.

## Survivor Needs Timeline

## Assumptions:

Deceased Individual: Surviving Individual: Rate of Return: Rate of Inflation:

Paul Sally

Analysis Results:
Total of Annual Shortfalls:
\$2,925,512 \$439,000
 5.00\% 2.50\%

| Age | Need | Sources |  |  |  | Asset Balance | Annual Shortfall |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Earned Income | Social Security | Other <br> Income | Earnings from Assets |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Beginning Balance |  | \$218,521 |  |
| 38 | \$84,000 | \$50,000 | \$46,947 | \$0 | \$11,536 | \$243,004 | \$0 |
| 39 | 86,100 | 50,750 | 47,829 | 0 | 12,776 | 268,258 | 0 |
| 40 | 88,253 | 51,511 | 48,730 | 0 | 14,054 | 294,301 | 0 |
| 41 | 90,459 | 52,284 | 49,651 | 0 | 15,373 | 321,150 | 0 |
| 42 | 92,720 | 53,068 | 50,592 | 0 | 16,731 | 348,821 | 0 |
| 43 | 95,038 | 53,864 | 51,554 | 0 | 18,132 | 377,333 | 0 |
| 44 | 97,414 | 54,672 | 52,538 | 0 | 19,574 | 406,703 | 0 |
| 45 | 99,850 | 55,492 | 24,056 | 0 | 20,249 | 406,651 | 0 |
| 46 | 102,346 | 56,325 | 24,537 | 0 | 20,214 | 405,382 | 0 |
| 47 | 89,918 | 57,169 | 0 | 0 | 19,839 | 392,473 | 0 |
| 48 | 92,166 | 58,027 | 0 | 0 | 19,141 | 377,474 | 0 |
| 49 | 94,470 | 58,897 | 0 | 0 | 18,334 | 360,236 | 0 |
| 50 | 96,832 | 59,781 | 0 | 0 | 17,411 | 340,596 | 0 |
| 51 | 99,253 | 60,678 | 0 | 0 | 16,365 | 318,385 | 0 |
| 52 | 101,734 | 61,588 | 0 | 0 | 15,185 | 293,424 | 0 |
| 53 | 104,277 | 62,512 | 0 | 0 | 13,864 | 265,522 | 0 |
| 54 | 106,884 | 63,449 | 0 | 0 | 12,390 | 234,477 | 0 |
| 55 | 109,557 | 64,401 | 0 | 0 | 10,754 | 200,076 | 0 |
| 56 | 112,295 | 65,367 | 0 | 0 | 8,946 | 162,093 | 0 |
| 57 | 115,103 | 66,348 | 0 | 0 | 6,952 | 120,290 | 0 |

Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance.

## Survivor Needs Timeline

| Age | Need | Sources |  |  |  | Asset Balance | Annual Shortfall |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Earned Income | Social Security | Other Income | Earnings <br> from <br> Assets |  |  |
| 58 | \$117,980 | \$67,343 | \$0 | \$0 | \$4,762 | \$74,414 | \$0 |
| 59 | 120,930 | 68,353 | 0 | 0 | 2,361 | 24,198 | 0 |
| 60 | 123,953 | 69,378 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30,377 |
| 61 | 127,052 | 70,419 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 56,633 |
| 62 | 130,228 | 71,475 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 58,753 |
| 63 | 133,484 | 72,547 | 0 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 51,337 |
| 64 | 136,821 | 73,635 | 0 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 53,586 |
| 65 | 140,242 | 74,740 | 0 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 55,902 |
| 66 | 143,748 | 75,861 | 0 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 58,287 |
| 67 | 122,784 | 0 | 33,762 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 79,423 |
| 68 | 125,854 | 0 | 34,437 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 81,817 |
| 69 | 129,000 | 0 | 35,126 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 84,275 |
| 70 | 132,225 | 0 | 35,828 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 86,797 |
| 71 | 135,531 | 0 | 36,545 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 89,386 |
| 72 | 138,919 | 0 | 37,276 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 92,044 |
| 73 | 142,392 | 0 | 38,021 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 94,771 |
| 74 | 145,952 | 0 | 38,782 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 97,571 |
| 75 | 149,601 | 0 | 39,557 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 100,444 |
| 76 | 153,341 | 0 | 40,348 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 103,393 |
| 77 | 157,174 | 0 | 41,155 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 106,419 |
| 78 | 161,104 | 0 | 41,978 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 109,525 |
| 79 | 165,131 | 0 | 42,818 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 112,713 |
| 80 | 169,260 | 0 | 43,674 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 115,985 |
| 81 | 173,491 | 0 | 44,548 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 119,343 |
| 82 | 177,828 | 0 | 45,439 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 122,790 |
| 83 | 182,274 | 0 | 46,348 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 126,327 |

Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance.

## Survivor Needs Timeline

|  |  | Sources |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age | Need | Earned <br> Income | Social <br> Security | Other <br> Income | Earnings <br> from <br> Assets | Asset <br> Balance | Annual <br> Shortfall |
| 84 | $\$ 186,831$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 47,274$ | $\$ 9,600$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 129,957$ |
| 85 | 191,502 | 0 | 48,220 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 133,682 |
| 86 | 196,289 | 0 | 49,184 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 137,505 |
| 87 | 201,197 | 0 | 50,168 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 141,429 |
| 88 | 206,227 | 0 | 51,171 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 145,455 |
| 89 | 211,382 | 0 | 52,195 | 9,600 | 0 | 0 | 149,587 |

Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance.

## Education Funding Summary

With education costs increasing at a rate that exceeds the general inflation rate, it is important to prepare as early as possible.

Objective: Your goal is to meet the following education funding needs.

| Name | Student <br> Age <br> Today | Student <br> Begin <br> Age | Current <br> Annual <br> Cost | Current <br> Funding <br> Balance | Current <br> Monthly <br> Savings |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Robert | 11 | 18 | $\$ 32,390$ | $\$ 10,000$ | $\$ 200$ |
| Catherine | 9 | 18 | $\$ 3,210$ | $\$ 2,000$ | $\$ 200$ |

For Robert, you will need additional monthly savings of \$1,235.
For Catherine, you will need additional monthly savings of \$345.
Assumes college inflation of $4.00 \%$ and rate of return on assets of $6.00 \%$.
Current Funding Program


Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance.

## Education Funding Analysis

## For Robert

You currently have $\$ 10,000$ saved and you are contributing $\$ 200$ each month. This could be worth $\$ 36,123$ when school begins.

| Start <br> Age | Number <br> of Years | School Name | Percent <br> to Fund | First Year <br> Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | 4 | University of California: Los Angeles | $100 \%$ | $\$ 32,390$ |

Current Funding Program


Your current plan does not provide for a full year of school.
To reach your goal you must set aside an amount of \$84,992. or you must increase your monthly savings by \$1,235

Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance. objectives above is from the Annual Survey of Colleges 2017.

## Education Funding Analysis

## For Catherine

You currently have $\$ 2,000$ saved and you are contributing $\$ 200$ each month. This could be worth $\$ 32,118$ when school begins.

| Start <br> Age | Number <br> of Years | School Name | Percent <br> to Fund | First Year <br> Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 18 | 2 | Saddleback College | $100 \%$ | $\$ 3,210$ |
| 20 | 2 | California State University: Fullerton | $100 \%$ | $\$ 26,830$ |

Current Funding Program


Your current plan provides for 2 full years of school. To reach your goal you must set aside an amount of \$28,865. or you must increase your monthly savings by $\$ 345$

Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance. Assumes education inflation rate of $4.00 \%$ and a rate of return on assets of $6.00 \%$. Source: One or more of the objectives above is from the Annual Survey of Colleges 2017.

## Retirement Analysis

## Income Goals

You have indicated that you would like to have the following monthly retirement income: ${ }^{1}$ At Paul's age 67 and Sally's age 65-93.91\% of current income, or \$9,000. At Paul's age 77 and Sally's age $75-73.04 \%$ of current income, or $\$ 7,000$. At Paul's age 82 and Sally's age $80-62.61 \%$ of current income, or $\$ 6,000$.

## Income Sources

To support your retirement goals you have the following monthly sources:

## Earned Income

Sally's employment income from age 65 until age 67
Social Security
Social Security benefits at Paul's age $67-\$ 2,704$
Social Security benefits at Sally's age 67-\$2,272
Other Income
Rental Income beginning at Paul's age 67-\$500

## Assets Available at Retirement

## Applied Assets

Paul retirement assets - \$860,051
Sally retirement assets - \$670,667
Other assets - \$72,444

## Results

According to the analysis: Your funds will be depleted at Paul's age 82. Your current savings of $\$ 550$ will need to be increased by $\$ 719$ with the additional monthly savings earning a rate of return of $5.00 \%$.

Retirement Cash Flows


An additional $\$ 493,232$ will be required at retirement to meet your goals.
Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance.

[^0]
## Capital Available for Retirement

## Current Assets

You have indicated that you currently own the following assets that will be used to support your retirement needs:
Paul's retirement plan current value of $\$ 91,000$ assuming a rate of return of $6.00 \%$
Sally's retirement plan current value of $\$ 80,000$ assuming a rate of return of $6.00 \%$
Other assets current value of $\$ 35,000$ assuming a rate of return of $1.50 \%$
Monthly Savings
You are currently, and plan to continue, contributing to the following assets: ${ }^{1}$
Paul's retirement plan - $\$ 300$ with a company contribution of $\$ 150$
Sally's retirement plan - $\$ 200$ with a company contribution of $\$ 100$
Other assets - \$50
Paul's contributions increasing at 1.00\% per year; Sally's at 1.00\% per year

## Available Assets

You will have accumulated the following at Paul's age 67:
Paul's retirement assets - \$860,051
Sally's retirement assets - \$670,667
Other assets - \$72,444
Analysis
You will have accumulated \$1,603,163 by Paul's age 67, Sally's age 65.
Asset Growth


An additional $\$ 493,232$ will be required at retirement to meet your goals.
Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance.

[^1]
## Retirement Timeline

| Assumptions: |  |  | Analysis Results: |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Retirement Rate of Return Rate of Inflation: |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5.00 \% \\ & 2.50 \% \end{aligned}$ | Total of Annual Shortfalls: Additional Capital Required: |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,370,340 \\ \$ 493,232 \end{array}$ |  |
|  |  | Sources |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ages | Need | Earned Income | Social Security | Other Income | Earnings from Assets | Asset Balance | Annual Shortfall |
|  |  |  | Beginning Balance |  |  | \$1,603,163 |  |
| 67/65 | \$210,362 | \$74,740 | \$32,451 | \$6,000 | \$79,348 | \$1,585,339 | \$0 |
| 68/66 | 215,621 | 75,861 | 33,100 | 6,000 | 78,341 | 1,563,019 | 0 |
| 69/67 | 221,012 | 0 | 61,024 | 6,000 | 75,732 | 1,484,763 | 0 |
| 70/68 | 226,537 | 0 | 62,244 | 6,000 | 71,610 | 1,398,080 | 0 |
| 71/69 | 232,201 | 0 | 63,489 | 6,000 | 67,054 | 1,302,422 | 0 |
| 72/70 | 238,006 | 0 | 64,759 | 6,000 | 62,035 | 1,197,210 | 0 |
| 73/71 | 243,956 | 0 | 66,054 | 6,000 | 56,524 | 1,081,832 | 0 |
| 74/72 | 250,055 | 0 | 67,375 | 6,000 | 50,490 | 955,642 | 0 |
| 75/73 | 256,306 | 0 | 68,723 | 6,000 | 43,899 | 817,957 | 0 |
| 76/74 | 262,714 | 0 | 70,097 | 6,000 | 36,716 | 668,056 | 0 |
| 77/75 | 209,441 | 0 | 71,499 | 6,000 | 30,550 | 566,664 | 0 |
| 78/76 | 214,677 | 0 | 72,929 | 6,000 | 25,258 | 456,174 | 0 |
| 79/77 | 220,044 | 0 | 74,388 | 6,000 | 19,498 | 336,016 | 0 |
| 80/78 | 225,545 | 0 | 75,875 | 6,000 | 13,240 | 205,586 | 0 |
| 81/79 | 231,184 | 0 | 77,393 | 6,000 | 6,454 | 64,248 | 0 |
| 82/80 | 203,112 | 0 | 78,941 | 6,000 | 37 | 0 | 53,886 |
| 83/81 | 208,189 | 0 | 80,519 | 6,000 | 0 | 0 | 121,670 |
| 84/82 | 213,394 | 0 | 82,130 | 6,000 | 0 | 0 | 125,264 |
| 85/83 | 218,729 | 0 | 83,772 | 6,000 | 0 | 0 | 128,957 |

Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance

## Retirement Timeline

| Ages | Need | Sources |  |  |  | Asset <br> Balance | Annual <br> Shortfall |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Earned <br> Income | Social Security | Other <br> Income | Earnings from Assets |  |  |
| 86/84 | \$224,197 | \$0 | \$85,448 | \$6,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$132,749 |
| 87/85 | 229,802 | 0 | 87,157 | 6,000 | 0 | 0 | 136,645 |
| 88/86 | 235,547 | 0 | 88,900 | 6,000 | 0 | 0 | 140,647 |
| 89/87 | 241,436 | 0 | 90,678 | 6,000 | 0 | 0 | 144,758 |
| 188 | 247,472 | 0 | 51,171 | 6,000 | 0 | 0 | 190,300 |
| 189 | 253,659 | 0 | 52,195 | 6,000 | 0 | 0 | 195,464 |

Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance

## Alternatives to Achieving Retirement Goals

There are several alternatives available which will provide a better chance of meeting your goals.

## You Can Save More Until Retirement

Your current savings of $\$ 550$ will need to be increased by $\$ 719$ with the additional monthly savings earning a rate of return of $5.00 \%$.

## You Can Earn More on Your Assets Until Retirement

The rate of return on your existing savings of $1.50 \%$ will need to be increased to $9.79 \%$.

## You Can Spend Less During Retirement

Your desired retirement spending goals will need to be reduced by $16.00 \%$ resulting in $\$ 7,560$ per month during the first year of retirement.

## You Can Retire Later

You can satisfy your spending goals if retirement is postponed until Paul's age 72 and Sally's age 72.
Each of these alternatives may not be possible to implement fully. Therefore, you might consider taking some steps in several different areas. Investments with the potential for a higher rate of return also have increased risk of losing principal, and may have increased short-term volatility.

Alternatives to Achieving Retirement Goals


Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance.

## Total Needs Spending

You estimated your essential spending to be $\$ 7,000$ in today's dollars, which will be $\$ 7,210$ when you retire in 1 years. In addition, you would like to spend an additional \$2,000 in today's dollars, which is \$2,060 at retirement.

The chart below illustrates how much of your total spending can be satisfied with secure income and by liquidating your capital.


On average, $61 \%$ of your total needs and desires can be satisfied with both income and by liquidating assets.
Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance.

## Essential Needs

## Capital Use

You estimated your essential spending to be $\$ 7,000$ in today's dollars, which will be $\$ 7,210$ when you retire in 1 years.

In addition to your secure income sources of:

- Earnings
- Social Security benefits
- Pension Income

You have the following capital available at the start of retirement:

| Tax-Deferred plans of | $\$ 350,037$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Taxable savings of | 52,558 |
| Tax-Free savings of | 25,760 |
| Other savings of | 11,307 |
|  | $\$ 439,662$ |



On average, $73 \%$ of your essential needs can be satisfied with both income and by liquidating assets.

Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance.

## Essential Needs and Secure Income

You estimated your essential spending to be $\$ 7,000$ in today's dollars, which will be $\$ 7,210$ when you retire in 1 years.

The chart below illustrates how much of your essential needs can be satisfied with secure income. Essential needs include housing, food, clothing and medical costs and other needs. Secure income is that which is guaranteed such as earnings, pension income, social security and annuity income.

This chart does not consider withdrawals from retirement plans or other investments.
To satisfy your essential needs you have the following secure income sources:

- Earnings
- Social Security benefits
- Pension Income


On average, $50 \%$ of your essential needs are satisfied with secure income.

Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance.

## Essential Needs and Secure Income

## With a new annuity

This analysis shows that $50 \%$ of your essential needs are satisfied with secure income. The purchase of an annuity can increase this to $61 \%$.

By using approximately $\$ 109,916$ of your capital you should be able to add $\$ 658$ to your secure monthly income, which includes:

- Earnings
- Social Security benefits
- Pension Income


With the additional annuity, on average, $61 \%$ of your essential needs can be satisfied with secure income.

Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance.

## Essential Needs

## Capital Use with new annuity

Maintaining a sustainable retirement lifestyle is about balance. First, you have to balance your required spending with secure income. Housing, food and other necessities need to be as secure as possible.

You estimated your essential spending to be $\$ 7,000$ in today's dollars, which will be $\$ 7,210$ when you retire in 1 years. Below is the comparison of your essential needs with your secure income. The secure income does not include any withdrawals from retirement plans or other investments.

By using approximately $\$ 109,916$ of your capital you should be able to add $\$ 658$ to your secure monthly income.
You would have the following capital available at the start of retirement:

| Tax-Deferred plans of | $\$ 226,043$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Taxable savings of | 33,940 |
| Tax-Free savings of | 25,760 |
| Other savings of | 11,307 |
|  | $\$ 297,051$ |



On average, $73 \%$ of your essential needs can be satisfied with current estimated income, a new annuity and by liquidating assets.

Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance.

## Business Continuation Needs

## In the event of the death of: John

The value of your business may increase over time. An annual review is an important step in verifying that your business documents and financial assets are up to date. This includes reviewing your analysis of the business needs in the event of the death of a business partner. It is vital to make sure that the funding mechanism keeps pace with the value of your business. If funds are not available to buy out the heirs of a deceased partner, it may put a severe strain on an otherwise healthy business, causing it to ultimately collapse.

|  | Today | 5 | 10 | Retirement |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Estimated Value ${ }^{1}$ | $\$ 498,750$ | $\$ 732,827$ | $\$ 1,076,764$ | $\$ 1,582,119$ |
| Insurance | 250,000 | 289,819 | 335,979 | 389,492 |
| Shortfall | 248,750 | 443,009 | 740,785 | $1,192,627$ |

John's Ownership of Brine Consulting


[^2]
## Ways to Pay for Business Continuation

## For: Brine Consulting

## In the event of the death of: John

## Assumptions:

Year to illustrate: 10
Estimated business value: \$1,076,764

| Available life insurance: | $\$ 335,979$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Additional funds needed: | $\$ 740,785$ |

This analysis illustrates several ways to provide for business continuation in the event of an owner's death. Whether the surviving owners or the business entity purchase the deceased owner's equity, there is a need for immediate cash. If funds are not available to buy out the heirs of a deceased owner, there may be a timeconsuming legal battle that may create a strain on an otherwise healthy business, causing a risk of insolvency.

Funding Options

| Funding Method | Total Dollars | Cost per Dollar |
| :--- | ---: | :---: |
| Cash | $\$ 740,785$ | $\$ 1.00$ |
| Loan $^{1}$ | $1,274,278$ | 1.72 |
| Sinking Fund $^{2}$ | 617,007 | 0.83 |
| Life Insurance $^{3}$ | 237,124 | 0.32 |

Total Cost


Values shown in this presentation are hypothetical and not a promise of future performance.

[^3]
[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Monthly amounts shown are in today's dollars.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Monthly amounts shown are in today's dollars.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ These figures are approximations only. For additional information contact your business valuation consultant.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ Assumes an interest rate of $8.00 \%$ and a term of 15 years.
    ${ }^{2}$ Assumes a rate of return of $4.00 \%$ and 10 years to fund. $A$ "sinking fund" is an account in which money is accumulated over time to pay off a debt or pay for a specific purchase. The sinking fund is not based on any particular investment and does not include fees or expenses associated with investing or other products that may be used in this scenario.
    3 The life insurance portion is not specific to any particular product. For more information regarding a life insurance strategy, refer to a complete basic illustration provided by the life insurance carrier.

